

No. 1.

is Scott's Sarsaparilla, a modern concentrated medicine, prompt in its curative effects. Doses from one half to one glassful. At \$1 per bottle of your druggist.

QU'APPELLE PROGRESS.

Thursday, October 15, 1896.

THE WESTERN WORLD.

ITEMS SHORT AND INTERESTING.

A Resume of the Events of the Week—Prominent People, Their Sayings and Doings.

The "Sunday question" may likely be raised in the province shortly in acute form in respect of constant Sunday labor in the Kootenay.

Hon. Mr. Watson announces that the local government is contemplating the establishment and erection of a permanent diary school in Winnipeg.

A special to the Toronto Globe from Roseland, B. C., says typhoid fever is disappearing and only two deaths have occurred, and there are but six cases in town.

Chief of Police Ward, of Vancouver, has resigned. He says that Vancouver requires twenty-one policemen to keep the peace. His resignation has been accepted.

Mr. G. A. J. Macdonald, of the government irrigation office, Calgary, died a few days ago of peritonitis, after a week's illness. Deceased was quite a young man and went to Calgary only about two years ago from England. He leaves a wife and two children.

A special to the Toronto Globe from Roseland, B. C., says there are now twelve shipping mines there. No doubt this will be doubled when the Red Mountain railway is completed. The Gold Hunter group, half a mile from Roseland, has been sold for \$50,000.

The Presbyterian foreign missions committee have made arrangements for expansion of Indian missions in the Northwest, and Chinese missions in British Columbia. The treasurer reported that the fund was indebted to the extent of thirty-five thousand dollars, and the committee took action in view of securing increased contributions from the congregations of the church.

Serious prairie fires have been raging north of Edmonton for the past two weeks. At Poplar Lake W. Whiteley has lost his hay and fences, and the fire has burned the ground out on several quarter sections of land belonging to men in eastern Canada. Near Fort Saskatchewan farmers have lost considerable hay and have only saved their building by most strenuous efforts.

The recently reported large find of asbestos in North Kootenay, where a deposit 1,000 feet thick is stated to extend for miles, should prove of considerable and increasing importance, in view of the non-conducting and non-inflammable qualities of the mineral. Numerous new finds of precious metal ores are reported from widely parted districts of the province daily and important communications are being made, with a view to a further introduction of British Columbia mining.

A Battleford dispatch reads: "This whole community was shocked the other morning to hear that Joseph McDermott, a farmer and rancher living twelve miles from town had been found dead in his bed. He was in town the day before, and showed no sign of illness, getting ready for the threshing. The doctor says he died from asphyxiation caused by hemorrhage. Deceased was an old timer and ex-policeman of long service, and a native of Ireland where his relatives are in good circumstances, moving in high society. He leaves a wife and several children."

A Forty Year Clock.

There are clocks that go eight days, some that go a month, and others that go not at all, but there is only one clock that will keep time for 40 years without winding, and that has been built at Chicago.

Purdy Campbell, a Chicago jeweller, made up his mind that he had 40 years of his life before him. He figured on this basis that he during the rest of his life, would spend about 60 days of his valuable time winding the clock, to say nothing of time and temper lost through forgetting it. Then he decided to make one that would have to be wound but once in 40 years.

He spent his odd minutes at the task, and has succeeded in producing a wonderful piece of mechanism—the only one of its kind in the world. This 40 year timepiece has been placed in Campbell & Co.'s window, 3211 Commercial avenue, Chicago. It is 15 inches in diameter, and weighs 75 pounds.

The movement is geared so that the barrel wheel containing the mainspring revolves once in two and a half years. When this wheel has made 16 revolutions somebody will have to give the key 17 turns. The clock will then be wound for another 16 years. The first wheel from the barrel wheel revolves around at the rate of one turn a year. The dial plate is six inches in diameter.

Every part of this clock, this near approach to perpetual motion, was made by Mr. Campbell, and the work took most of his leisure time for 21 months. The movement is full jeweled.

The clock will be put in a hermetically sealed case, and it will work in a vacuum, thus lessening friction and preventing the oil from drying. It will be impossible for dust to get into the works.

Buried Treasure Found.

In 1825 the paymaster of old Fort Drummond, near the mouth of St. Mary's river, Mich., became suddenly insane. At the time he had a large sum of money in gold, principally English sovereigns, with which to pay off the troops. He buried the treasure and soon after died. The gold could never be found, although a careful search was made until the post was deserted. Last week Byron Saltonstall, of Chicago, who owns numerous islands at the mouth of St. Mary's river, was making a tour of the islands. While on Soere's island he dug up an iron pot brimful of gold coin, which proved to be English sovereigns of the period of George III. Mr. Saltonstall reported his find at Detroit and had all his pockets full of gold. The exact amount of his find he would not state, but said that it amounted to more than \$1,000. Whether this is the gold buried by the old paymaster or not will probably never be known.

NOT FRUIT BUT ANIMALS.

A Wealthy Company Will Try a New Kind of Crop in California.

Lewis Sells, one of the proprietors of Forepaugh & Sells Bros.' circus, owns 500 acres in Merced, Cal., and the firm is trying to obtain 500 more acres to add to them.

Instead of raising fruit, says the San Francisco Call they will raise animals. They have come to the conclusion that the climate of California is advantageous for that purpose, and in view of that fact are endeavoring to get animals properly mated here. The firm has a man in England, Geo. O. Starr, engaged in securing animals. He has been an extensive traveler in South Africa, East India, and throughout the world, having made forty-two trips between America and Europe. Ais whole time is devoted to securing animals. The firm already has a big stock.

First there is a pair of hippopotami. There are two or three pairs of lions, of the African and Asiatic variety; there are fourteen elephants, there are one pair of llamas, several camels, all sorts of antelopes, leopards, one pair of tigers (Royal Bengal) one pair of zebras, one eland, one pair of nyghaus, seven kangaroos, and specimens of all kinds of wild animals.

The elephants will be placed in a retreat representing as near as possible an African jungle. They are the most secretive of all the animals. There will be large cages built for the lions and tigers, the floors of which will be the ground, and in these cages there will be compartments made of trees and tropical palms, so that aside from the great cages the conditions will be almost identical with their native lairs.

In a field inclosed by a sixteen-foot high fence will be places for the elands, nyghaus, tiger and other antelopes, and in another the zebras, llamas and camels will be raised where they will be broken to work in harness and to bear packs similar to the work done by these animals in their native country.

It is expected that the camel ranch will be a most profitable part of the enterprise. Camels bred in captivity even better than in their wild state, and will be invaluable for use in sections of the country where water is scarce, and where it is impossible to drive mules, or where a railroad cannot be built. It is expected that the development of mining in the desert sections of this country will give employment to large numbers of camels, and the demand for them will undoubtedly be very large.

A whole flock of kangaroos will be turned loose, and it will not be strange if within ten years California will become as noted for kangaroos as Australia is at this time.

Tropical birds will be another feature. A large amphitheatre will be erected, covered with glass, in which the birds will be turned loose.

A large artificial lake will be made, the water for which will be supplied from the Hoffman-Crocker irrigating system, and the pair of hippopotami will be placed in it, where they will be undisturbed for months at a time.

Over 1,000 acres of land will be used and natives will look after the work who understand the habits and characteristics of the animals. It is expected to supply the zoological gardens and menageries of the entire world from this only zoological breeding ranch on earth, and it will be the means of advertising California more than anything yet introduced. Agents will be sent to every part of the civilized world to represent this enterprise and to sell and train new animals.

A REMARKABLE BEQUEST.

A California Man Provides for Annually Giving School Children Candy.

A modern Santa Claus truly was Geo. W. Teasdale, one of the early settlers of Oakland, Cal., and when he died twenty-three years ago, there was found a provision in his will which will ever keep his memory green among the school children of Los Gatos.

The sum of \$900 was ordered to be deposited in the bank at San Jose, the annual interest from which was to be drawn on Memorial day and invested in candy which would be equally distributed among the boys and girls attending the public schools of Los Gatos.

The only request made in connection with the bequest was that his little friends would see that his grave was never neglected or destroyed. On every Memorial day the children cover the Teasdale graves with the choicest flowers.

For the first few years after Mr. Teasdale's death, the exact terms of the will were carried out, and the annual interest amounting to over \$40, furnished a sufficient supply for the youngsters. But the juvenile population of Los Gatos, under the beneficent influences of the glorious climate of California grew so rapidly that the annual amount was found insufficient to sweeten the palates of the host.

Personnel of the Grain Board.

Mr. Samuel Spink, who has been appointed by the Dominion government as chairman of the board to fix the grain standards, received a telegram from the department at Ottawa, giving the personnel of the board for this year. The gentlemen selected by the government to fix the grain standards are as follows: S. Spink, Winnipeg, chairman; C. E. Watts and M. McLaughlin, Toronto.

A. Crane, and O. M. Gould, Montreal; J. A. Mitchell, Winnipeg; K. Campbell, Brandon; F. Young, Killarney; S. D. Elkington, Qu'Appelle; W. Postlethwaite, Brandon; James Elder, Verdun; Jas. Riddell, Rosebank; G. Castle, Foxton; J. McQueen, Caithville; P. Ferguson, Kenlea; R. M. Pheir, Moosomin; Chris. Johnson, Balda; W. W. McDonald, Fleming.

Worse Than the Panic Year of 1893.

Bradstreet's says: The total number of business failures throughout the United States from Jan. 1 to Sept. 30, 1896, is 11,280, the largest aggregate reported for a like period since records of this character have been completed. The next largest corresponding total was 11,149, for nine months of the panic year, 1893. The total business failures throughout Canada amount to 1,651 for the past nine months, an increase of 315, compared with the corresponding period last year. Total liabilities amounted to \$18,219,000, against \$9,769,000.

GREAT PREMIERS.

Canada's Premier Holds no Prouder Position in the Hearts of the People Than Do the Premier Remedies.

The Great South American Cures Hold in the Hearts of the Thousands Whose Sufferings They Have Vanquished.

THEY'RE POPULAR. THEY'RE SAFE.

They R-Heve Almost Instantly and Cure Permanently Rheumatism, Kidney Disease and Stomach and Nerve Troubles.

KIDNEY DISEASE.—Mrs. Norman E. Cook, of Delhi, Ont., writes: "About two years ago I was attacked with very serious kidney trouble. At intervals the pain was so excruciating I could not rest, and to attend to household duties was an absolute impossibility. When our local physicians had exhausted all their known remedies, and I had tried porons plasters and other remedies without relief, as a last resort I was induced to try South American Kidney Cure. I received relief and benefit inside of six hours. Five bottles cured me completely, and I have not had a symptom of any return of the trouble since."

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.—Mrs. R. Armstrong of Orillia writes: "For six weary years I had been a great sufferer from nervous prostration, weakness, indigestion and dyspepsia. All that best doctors could do brought me no permanent relief. I concluded to give South American Nerve a trial. After the first few doses I had great relief. I took six bottles, and I can truthfully say that had it not been for this great remedy I would not have been alive to-day to sing its praises. I cheerfully recommend it to all who are afflicted as I was."

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM.—Mrs. John Richards, of Capleton Mines, P. Q., was a great sufferer for three years from chronic rheumatism. So great were her sufferings that she was wholly unfit to perform the simplest household duty—during a great part of the time being unable to dress or undress herself. Appetite was gone; sleep impossible. Three doctors having failed to relieve, she tried South American Rheumatic Cure. The results were astonishing. Within two days the pains were all gone, and the swelling in the joints began to subside. Improvement continued, and to-day she is free from all her sufferings. Can walk five miles easily, and is well and strong again.

A SHOCKING ACCIDENT.

A Finlander Has One of His Legs Torn off in a Threshing Cylinder.

A shocking accident recently occurred at the farm of Mr. George Gunn, one mile west of Osgood, by which a Finlander, Victor Ostrom by name, was so badly injured that death resulted in a few hours. The particulars of the affair show that no one was to blame for the accident. There was some little thing went wrong with the engine just at starting time the other morning, and in the delay the men gashed around the fire, and when finally a start was made, the two Finlanders who were working on the same stack, made a rush for their places. There was a ladder lying near, but it would require to be lifted and was disregarded, the men choosing to mount the stack in the usual way by means of the table. Ostrom slipped, owing to the frost which covered the table, worn smooth by the sheaves, and one of his legs went straight into the cylinder, revolving at fifteen hundred revolutions a minute. The result was horrible to see, for in an instant his leg was torn completely from his body at the hip. The unfortunate man was carried to the house and the protruding arteries tied. A bed was placed in a light rig and the man brought as quickly as possible to the St. Boniface hospital. The appearance of the wound was terrible, with the flesh all torn and the nerves and arteries hanging several inches, the whole mixed with straw and shreds of clothing. Ostrom died a couple of hours after reaching the hospital. He lived much longer than would an ordinary man.

The deceased and the companion who was with him at the time of the accident, worked for some months in the mines at Rat Portage. They were about four years out from Finland, and most of that period having been in and near Duluth. They came to Winnipeg a couple of months ago and secured employment at thrashing. Deceased was unmarried.

A New Metal in Demand.

French inventions frequently call into use natural products which had previously possessed no practical value. This is illustrated by the rare metal, thorium, discovered by the great chemist, Berzelius, early in the present century. When burned the metal emits a light more brilliant than that of burning magnesium, but until the recent invention of incandescent gas burners, in which the flame is enclosed in a metallic mantle, no use was discovered for it. Upon experimenting with various substances it was found that the oxide of thorium, called thoria, makes the best mantle for such burners, and a demand being thus created for it, the value of thoria suddenly sprang from almost nothing to \$250 per pound. Then a search began for new sources from which thoria can be obtained, and this search is not yet finished. Originally the new metal was found only in certain rare minerals in Norway. Recently it has been discovered that the mineral "monazite" contains a liberal quantity of thoria, and monazite is found in North Carolina, Canada and Brazil. The price of thoria is now much lower than it was at first, although it still commands \$15 or \$20 and even more per pound, the price fluctuating with the supply.

PILL - PRICE.

THE DAYS OF 25 CENTS A BOX ARE NUMBERED.

Dr. Agnew's Liver Pills at Ten Cents a Box are Surer, Safer and Pleasant to Take.

And Are Supplanting all Others. All Druggists Sell Them.

Cure Constipation, Sick and Nervous Headaches, Dizziness, Lassitude, Heartburn, Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite and all troubles arising from liver disorder.

ADAM'S GINGER BEER.

For Making a Delicious Health Drink at Small Cost.

Receipt—Adams' Root Beer Extract—one bottle Fleischmann's Yeast one half to one cake Sugar.....two pounds Cream of Tartar.....one half ounce Lukewarm water.....two gallons

Disolve the sugar, cream of tartar and yeast in the water, add the extract, and bottle; place in a warm place for twenty-four hours until it ferments, then place on ice, when it will open sparkling, cool and delicious.

The ginger beer can be obtained in all drug and grocery stores in 10 cent bottles to make two gallons.

Bicycle Cleaners.

"A new industry has sprung up of late," remarked a clerk in one of the upper departments, "which I feel sure is something new under the sun." I refer to the bicycle cleaner. The average rider of the wheel seldom has time, and even more seldom the inclination to cleanse his wheel. He knows pretty well that it should be cleaned, but postpones doing it. Here is where the bicycle cleaner comes in. Every Saturday a colored man goes the rounds of the wheels stored in the courts of the war, state and navy departments. He at first cleans the wheel on his own hook, taking chances that he will get his fee, which is ten cents. After that if he does the work well, he is pretty sure of a weekly customer. It is an accommodation to the rider, and, besides, the cleaner is well supplied with the tools, brushes, etc., which enable him to make a good job. In cases where the enamel is chipped off he touches that up, and actually makes an old wheel look like new for ten cents.

Mrs. Quiverful (sternly)—What was going on in the parlor last night? Ethel (blushing)—Only my engagement ring, mamma.

A Room to a Horseman.

One bottle of English Spavin Liniment completely removed a cure, from my horse. I take pleasure in recommending the remedy, as it acts with mysterious promptness in the removal from horses of hard, soft or calloused humps, blood spavin, splints, curbs, swellings, stifles and sprains.

GEORGE ROSE, Farmer, Markham, Ont.

Mame—I hope you didn't let that Mr. Higgins put his arms around you? Mabel—Why, is there anything the matter with his arm?

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails.

Mr. Popleigh—What would you think if I were to tell you that I had been dying by inches for you for years? Miss Waverley—I should think it—it was very sudden.

Constipation Cured.

GENTS—I was in very poor health for over four years; the doctor said it was constipation. Not wanting to spend too much cash, I got three bottles of B. B. B. and took it regularly. I can certify that I am now in the best of health and feel very grateful to B. B. B.

ALFRED TROBIN, Montreal, Que.

Stern parent—You say he is a genius. Geniuses seldom amount to much. Daughter—But, pa, he promises that he will not work at it after we are married.

As Well as Ever.

Dear Sirs,—After suffering for two years from acute indigestion, I tried B. B. B. I took only three bottles, which made me as well as ever I was. I highly recommend B. B. B. to all dyspeptics.

Mrs. JOHN WHITE, Austin, Man.

Honz—Poor Jones has to run all the errands and cook his own meals. Joaz—What's the trouble? Honz—He was foolish enough to buy his wife a bicycle.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cures Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and all looseness of the bowels. Never travel without it. Price 25c.

First clerk—She's a married lady. Second clerk—How do you know? She ordered two Hammocks.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cures Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Cholera Morbus and all summer complaints and fluxes of the bowels in children or adults.

Mrs. Elmore—I wonder how many stops that new organ of De Smith's has got? Elmore—Only three, I should judge. One for each meal.

One Every Night.

One Laxa-Liver Pill taken each night during 30 days will cure Constipation, oft returning Headaches and irregular action of the bowels. Laxa-Liver Pills leave no unpleasant after effect.

Her Father—Has my daughter given you any encouragement, Sir? Suitor—Well, she said you were always a very generous parent.

Tobacco Habit.

Much heart and weak nervousness is caused by undue use of tea, coffee or tobacco; palpitation, nervousness, irritability, excitability, lack of confidence, etc., are some symptoms. Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills bring instant relief, by steadying the nerves and regulating the heart. They are a true heart and nerve food.

FURNITURE

SCHOOL DESKS

LESLIE BROS., Winnipeg, Man.

Lowest Prices Ever Quoted.

Write For New Catalogue

TO WINNIPEG, MANITOBA, TERRITORIES

STOVES

POCKET DIRECTORY

6c.

I THINK RICHARD'S PURE SOAP

IS THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

WHAT DO YOU THINK?

Return 20 wrappers taken from Richard's Pure Soap to my address and receive a handsome Souvenir; 12 wrappers for your choice of 150 books of fiction, by popular authors. Useful books free on application.

Address D. RICHARDS, Woodstock, Ont.



DO YOU USE E.B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

EVERY COMFORT and convenience is yours while stopping at THE ROBIN HOUSE WINNIPEG.

Excellent table board and warm, comfortable rooms.

TERMS REASONABLE.

WILL CURE OR RELIEVE INDIGESTION, FLUTTERING OF THE STOMACH, ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, BILIOUSNESS, DYSPEPSIA, COLIC, CHOLERA MORBUS, CHOLERA INFANTUM, AND ALL LOOSENESS OF THE BOWELS. NEVER TRAVEL WITHOUT IT. PRICE 25c.

Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry cures Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Colic, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum and all looseness of the bowels. Never travel without it. Price 25c.

THE BEST IS CHEAPEST DELICIOUS MAZAWATTEE TEA

KENNETH MACKENZIE & CO., AGENTS. WINNIPEG, MAN.

No Need To Muffle Up



when your clothing is interlined with Filree Chamois. It offers a perfect protection that can't be equalled. Neither wind, frost, rain or snow will penetrate it when you use the Filree Waterproofed line, and yet it is so light that it adds no noticeable weight to a suit. Its non-conducting qualities make it the most perfect and beautiful warmth giver that can be had and every one should ensure their winter comfort by seeing that it is put in all ordered clothing or by finding the Filree Chamois label on any ready-to-wear suits they may purchase.

Selling Now For 25c a Yard.



ECLIPSE SOAP

lead all other laundry soaps. Try a twin bar from your grocer, and you will know why Eclipse is ahead of all other soaps.

JOHN TAYLOR & CO. Toronto.

THE NEWS OF THE DAY.

CONDENSED FOR BUSY PEOPLE.

Other and interesting paragraphs that
Treat of Men and Things in a
General Way.

Oliver D. Cowan, ex-mayor of Gananoque, is dead of paralysis.

The population of Kingston, Ont., increased by one hundred during last year. Duncan Knapen has been appointed postmaster of Perth, as successor to Thomas Cairns.

The population of Hamilton, Ont., increased during the year according to the assessment returns.

The Lake of the Woods Milling company has declared a yearly dividend of seven per cent. on paid-up capital.

Thos. A. Wardell, mayor of Dundas, was nominated by North Wentworth Conservatives for the local legislature.

Mrs. Walker, of Oakdale, Ont., was thrown from her carriage while driving to Dresden and received injuries from which she died.

Seven or eight buildings in the business quarter of Gananoque, Ont., were burned, and the town was in danger of being destroyed.

John MacLean & Co., wholesale millinery, have assigned with liabilities of \$175,484. J. N. Greenfield, assignee, is appointed provincial guardian.

Abraham Young, ex-mayor and one of the most prominent residents of Bowmanville, died the other day in Toronto, where he had gone for medical treatment.

Maurice Kennedy, a pioneer of Georgetown, Ont., recently fell from an apple tree, alighting on his head and injuring his spine so severely he is completely paralyzed.

A writ has been issued at Kingston, Ont., on behalf of the council of the township of Hastings against John Egan, late treasurer of the township. Irregularities are charged.

The Canadian steamer Manitoba, has been seized by the deputy collector at Sault Ste. Marie to satisfy unpaid fines for violation of the regulations of the U. S. treasury department for the navigation of the Soo River.

The body of Miss Mary Grant, a former member of the Salvation Army, was recently found floating in the harbor at Kingston, Ont. Deceased was about 40 years of age. Apparently it was a case of suicide, deceased having been despondent lately.

The Toronto board of trade has received communications from the British Columbia board of trade inviting suggestions concerning the best means of improving the existing methods of capitalizing and floating companies generally and advancing mining properties.

The building establishment of Martin Foley, of Quebec, has been burned. During the fire a gas meter exploded, and two men, sergeant Murray, of the city police, and T. Atkinson, were badly burned. The building of the Daily Mercury, next to Foley's establishment, was badly gutted.

A \$15,000 fire occurred at Gananoque the other day. Losses are: J. J. Abbott, building occupied by J. W. Harrison, druggist; J. L. Rogers, three frame buildings, occupied by L. Fraid, clothier; W. S. Abbott, china and silverware; Rogers' grocery; Mrs. J. B. Turner, three frame buildings. Loss pretty well covered by insurance.

The tramway of the Ontario and Western under company's mill, No. 4, at East Portage, Ont., took fire the other afternoon and for a time the mill and lumber pile were in great danger. The fire brigade turned out promptly and by their efficient work checked the fire before it had done very serious damage. About fifty yards of the tramway was destroyed.

The choir of St. George's Episcopal church, Montreal, has gone on strike. The strike was brought about by a decision of the church warden not to buy a new organ. Lately the choir have had to sing to the accompaniment of a small organ harmonium, which replaced the old organ. The strike is causing a great deal of talk in the congregation, which is a fashionable one.

Samuel W. Martin, city editor of the Kingston Whig, has arrived home from Toronto, where some months ago he underwent an operation, having a bullet received in the capture of Hottel in 1885, removed from his shoulder. It was also found necessary to remove a portion of the bone, it having decayed, a silver plate being substituted. He has recovered nicely from the shock occasioned by his system by the operation, and is ready to start into work again greatly improved in health.

Mrs. Geo. Tait Blackstock, of Toronto, who was granted a divorce in Rhode Island on the ground of non-support, was Miss Evelyn Fraser Blackstock, of Toronto. Her husband, who was counsel for Birchall, is the well known lawyer of Toronto. He opposed Edward Blake in West Durham. He is now in poor health, and is in Europe with his sisters. Mrs. Donald Donnelly says she was stage struck and left her husband last spring, stating she desired to devote her life to opera. She composed a popular waltz. Both were leaders in Toronto society.

A new department which will be established before many months by the Manitoba government will probably be the department of public lands, the management of which will soon become an important part of the government service. Besides the swamp lands, there are now over 100,000 acres of M. & N. W. railway lands, which are free of taxes. Within a month it is confidently expected a large portion of the provincial lands now in the care of the Dominion government will be handed over to the provincial authorities.

Fatal Fire at Antlers, I. T.

A dispatch from Antlers, Indian Territory, says the Spencer academy, located ten miles west of there, was recently burned to ashes, together with all the furniture and four Choctaw boys were burned up in the flames. Their names were John Smith, Daniel James, Thos. Kim-ot-white and Wm. Wilson. Those injured are: Arthur Bryan, bruised and burned on head; Harris Fisher, sprained foot; Cotton Bacon, legs sprained; Edward Clark, jaw bones broken; Ed Sprinz, burned in face, head and shoulder, and sprained. The origin of the fire is supposed to be incendiary.

A PROFITABLE CROP.

Flax should be a Most Important Factor With Manitoba Farmers.

A little pamphlet written by William Saunders, the director of the Canadian Experimental Farms, and published by the Canadian department of agriculture, gives some facts about the cultivation of flax over the border, says the New York Sun, that will prove of no little interest to the farmers of the United States. It appears that flax growing suddenly became very popular in Manitoba after the crop of 1894 was harvested. The crop of flaxseed that year in the United States was poor—7,500,000 bushels produced, and the price at the Chicago market rose as high as \$1.50 a bushel. So the Manitoba market rate was from \$1.15 to \$1.25, the duty on flaxseed brought over the line to the United States being 20 cents a bushel. At \$1.15 the Manitoba farmers made a good profit, although the yield from 20,000 acres averaged but 12 bushels per acre. Next year the Manitoba farmers sowed 82,500 acres, and reaped not less than 151 bushels to the acre—1,291,354 bushels all told. Meantime, however, dollar and a half flax seed had stimulated the imagination of the Yankee farmers also and the Yankee produce rose from the seven and a half million bushels of 1894 to over 19,000,000 bushels in 1895. So the Chicago price (Chicago being the Manitoba market) fell from 90 cents to 70 cents. Even at these figures the farmers were better off than when growing wheat, so that the area devoted to flax seed is not likely to shrink much.

While flax was cultivated in Manitoba exclusively for the seed, the farmers of Ontario devoted from 12,000 to 15,000 acres to it chiefly for the fibre. This is due to the fact that for more than thirty years big mills have been established at Baden for working up all flax products. The produce of seed in western Ontario in 1895 did not exceed 120,000 bushels while the Baden mills ground up over 450,000 in the production of linoseed oil. And it is worth noting that in the year of scarcity—1894—these mills found it more profitable to go all the way to the Argentine Republic for the seed they needed—1,000 tons—than to buy in the United States.

There are from forty to forty-five cutting mills—that is, mills to take the line fibre from the flax stalk—in western Ontario each of which can handle the product of between 300 to 600 acres. The yield of flax straw usually runs from 3,000 to 3,500 lbs. to the acre, but many good farmers obtain from two to three tons to the acre. They receive \$10 per ton for the dried straw, selling the seed with the straw. But this product to the acre is not so large as it might seem to be to the inexperienced farmer, because the flax plant when harvested for the fibre, has to be pulled instead of cut. Men, women and children work at the pulling in Canada, the men earning from \$1.25 to \$1.50 a day, the women from 75c to \$1, and the children from 30c to 50c. It costs the farmer from \$1.50 to \$5 an acre to harvest his crop.

The cost of getting the crop into the ground is not great. The land is plowed and harrowed, and then the seed is sowed broadcast and harrowed in. On the experimental farm at Brandon a number of tests were made to determine the amount of seed needed to sow an acre. Where 40 pounds of seed were sown the yield was 19 bushels and 26 pounds (56 pounds make a bushel); with 70 pounds of seed the yield was 20 bushels; and with 90 pounds of seed the yield was 20 bushels and 50 pounds.

It appears from the Manitoba reports that a dry climate is unfavorable for the production of good fibre. This might have been inferred, perhaps, from the moist climate of Ireland. But nothing is said about the cultivation of the plant on irrigated lands and very likely no experiments of that kind have been made. However, the short fibre of the plant that is cultivated for seed finds a market in places where upholsterers' tow is in demand, and at the paper mills where they make writing paper. The Canadian farmer gets from \$2.50 to \$4 a ton for the dried plants at these markets. In Manitoba the straw is usually burned, and the ashes used as a fertilizer.

Chemical examinations made on the experimental farm indicate that flax does not exhaust the soil as much as farmers commonly suppose it does. Thus when an acre of land produced fifteen bushels of seed and 2,000 pounds of straw the crop took from the ground 16 pounds of nitrogen, 21.56 pounds of phosphoric acid, and 37.28 pounds of potash. A crop of oats yielding 50 bushels of grain and 2,200 pounds of straw, took from the ground 14.63 pounds of nitrogen, 15.22 pounds of phosphoric acid, 32.88 pounds of potash. The report says the difference in exhaustive effects of these two crops would hardly be perceptible on a rich soil.

A UNIQUE PRIZE.

The Successful Party in a Guessing Contest Wins a Bride.

A novel agreement has been entered into by three young persons of West Superior, Wis. Miss Florence Bruno, a pretty and popular young seamstress, and H. C. Helister and Herman C. Pratt, both railroad conductors, employed by the Duluth and Winnipeg. The young men have for five months been rivals for the hand of the young lady. Miss Bruno seems to have a high regard for both. The suitors have been close friends for years, and neither practiced deception on the other; but it was clearly understood between them for months that the best man should win by fair means and that the other should hold his peace. All sorts of propositions were made for a settlement as to who should be the happy husband, but without avail.

One offered to shake dice or play seven up for the girl, but the proposition was rejected as being an improper way of settling such an important question. Finally the two lovers happened to call at the lady's home on the same evening, and it was agreed then and there that she should determine a way out of the difficulty. Miss Bruno reluctantly consented to do so, and the next day proposed that her future husband be determined by the presidential election. The agreement is that the two lovers make estimates in writing on the result of the presidential election, the man guessing nearest the result to take the prize. It is further agreed that the loser be present at the wedding and his wedding gift shall be \$50.

Both are McKinley men and confident of that candidate's election. In the event of Bryan's election, the lover making the lowest estimate for McKinley will, of course, get the girl.

THEIR LAST RAID.

The Ottawa Indians Settle up Old Scores With the Chippewas.

State Game and Fish Warden, Chas. S. Osborne, of Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., tells the story of a raid made by the Ottawa Indians a fortnight ago on their ancient enemies the Chippewas, near the mouth of St. Mary's river.

It appears that at daylight on the morning of Wednesday, Sept. 10, the slumbers of the inhabitants of Potagansing, on Drummond Island, were suddenly broken by a succession of shrill terrifying war whoops, accompanied by the roar of small arms. On emerging from the wigwams and shanties they discovered a large party of Indian warriors in the bay. There were about five hundred of them in birch bark canoes. The invaders presented a startling appearance, their naked bodies being decorated with red, black, and green pigments. Some were barefooted, others wore moccasins, but all had their heads adorned with a profusion of feathers. They were armed with guns, revolvers, hatchets and knives, and kept up a constant fusillade of bullets.

Some of the island inhabitants took to the woods, while others rushed back into their log houses, and barricaded the doors. By the time the invaders landed the peaceable Indians were all under cover. The attacking party kept up their firing and yelling without running any great risk. They banged away at the windows with their guns, hurled stones at the doors, threw down and burned the birch bark wigwams, stole everything of value they could possibly carry away, and demolished what they could not take with them, even destroying crops of potatoes in several places. Although nobody in the houses suffered bodily injury, it was not the fault of the invaders, several narrow escapes being recorded.

Although badly handicapped and greatly frightened by the suddenness of the attack the besieged inhabitants kept the raiders away from their immediate vicinity by a few well directed shots. Three of the canoes finally started out of the bay with their loads, and the last one was being filled, all the remaining members of the attacking party, save one, who could not resist the temptation to continue the work of destruction. Finally he started for the canoe, and as he was passing one of the houses he received a charge of buckshot in the abdomen, making a terrible wound. However, the Indian succeeded in reaching the canoe, into which he fell. The craft was then pushed off from the shore, and the party, after holding a brief council, put off for the Canadian side.

The invaders belonged to the Ottawa tribe, which is scattered throughout Lower Canada. The party came from the Georgian Bay country, and, as afterwards learned, landed at Pilot Harbor on the south side of Drummond Island. Back of Potagansing, which is on the other side of the island, is a small river, and a chain of three lakes, two of which are connected by a small stream, the third lake being about half a mile distant from the second and isolated. The Ottawas had portaged to the third lake from Pilot harbor, a distance of about two miles, and thence to the other lakes, coming down the river in their canoes. The country through which they travelled is an uninhabited wilderness as far as the mouth of the Potagansing, where there is a small Indian settlement. In former years a large number of Chippewas made this place their headquarters.

The Chippewas had no trouble in determining the reason of the attack, which was more in the nature of a reconnaissance. Bad blood has existed between the two nations for many years, dating from the time of a big battle in which the Ottawas were worsted. From remarks dropped by the Ottawas they were after revenge for the humiliation to which they were subjected many years ago. It has also been learned that they were in search of O-ha-gun-co-da-way qua, a Chippewa medicine woman, who, they allege, cast a spell upon the Ottawas a number of years ago, since which time many of their braves have met with mysterious deaths.

It was the intention of the invaders to kill the woman who had been found. The woman is supposed by the Indians to possess wonderful magical powers and she is held in great veneration by the Chippewas. Her present place of abode is unknown to them; it is thought to be somewhere on the south shore of Lake Superior.

Before leaving the island the Ottawas announced that they would return next year with a much larger party and exterminate the Chippewas. Having accomplished this, they promised to pay a visit of extermination to the Jim Island Indians on Sugar Island.

Since the unexpected visit the Chippewas at Potagansing have been very cautious, carrying loaded weapons with them all the time and being constantly on their guard. They look with much concern upon the threat of the raiders to return next summer, but the white residents believe that the attack of two weeks ago will go down in history as the last raid of the Ottawas.

His Skin Transparent.

"The most difficult I ever knew anyone to have," said C. E. Annone, of Duluth, "is that of a young man in my city. His skin has become dead in some way, and all the coloring matter is gone, leaving the entire perfectly transparent. The result is that all of the veins and arteries are plainly visible and he looks like an animated anatomical chart. The case baffles all physicians, and the only remedy would be to graft new skin over the boy's entire body, which of course would be impracticable, if not impossible. His skin was unusually clear and transparent when he was a baby, and, instead of growing thicker and having more color as he grew older, what little color he possessed left it, and by the time he was 12 years old he appeared at a distance as though all the skin had been removed."

Adrift on Lake Huron.

Henry and Joseph Kewenize, fishermen, hailing from Southampton, Ont., were picked up by the steamer Nipigon and consigned to Leeward after having been blown across Lake Huron in the recent gale. They left Southampton in an open boat to lift some fish nets and were caught in the gale. They were driven clear across Lake Huron and fortunately were sighted off Point Au Sable by Capt. John of the Nipigon. The steamer headed to and succeeded in picking them up. The men had been floating three nights and days, and were in a desperate condition.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION.

THE FREQUENT CAUSE OF MUCH MISERY AND SUFFERING.

The Victim Helpless and Unreliable—It Says the Constitution and Makes One Involuntarily Ask Is Life Worth Living.

From the Lindsay Post.

It is at least commendable to bow before the inevitable. But what appears to be inevitable may be delayed or altogether averted. What were considered necessarily fatal diseases twenty-five or even ten years ago in many instances are not now placed in that category—thanks to medical and scientific skill. Life is sweet. We must either control the nerves or they will master us. Hysteria may prove fatal. It renders the person afflicted helpless and unreliable, and casts a continual shadow upon a hitherto bright and cheerful life. It saps the constitution and makes one involuntarily ask "Is life worth living?" Miss Fanny Watson, daughter of Mrs. Henry Watson, living on lot 22, in the township of Somerville, Victoria county, is one of those whose life for years was made miserable from nervous disease. At the age of twelve Miss Watson met with an accident which so seriously affected her nervous system that during the subsequent five years she was subjected to very severe nervous prostration, resulting in convulsions with unconsciousness for three or four hours at a time. The condition continued until March last when she had an increased and prolonged attack by which she was completely prostrated for the space of a fortnight. The disease so affected the optic nerve that Miss Watson was forced to wear glasses. Many remedies were tried but with no avail, and both Miss Watson and her friends feared that a cure could not be obtained. Ultimately Dr. Williams' Pink Pills were strongly recommended by various friends and the young lady decided to give them a trial. A half dozen boxes were bought, and by the time one box was used, there was an improvement in her condition, and before the half dozen boxes were used, Miss Watson was, to use her own words, a different person altogether. Her entire nervous system was reinforced to such an extent, that she is now able to dispense with the use of the glasses which previous failing eyesight had made necessary. Miss Watson is now a staunch friend of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and says: "I have pleasure in recommending them to all similarly afflicted." Rev. Dr. Miller, a friend of the family, vouches for the facts above set forth.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills create new blood, build up the nerves, and thus drive disease from the system. In hundreds of cases they have cured after other medicines had failed, thus establishing the claim that they are a marvel among the triumphs of modern medical science. The genuine Pink Pills are sold only in boxes, bearing the full trade mark, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People." Protect yourself from impostors by refusing any Pill that does not bear the registered trade mark around the box.

The Wandering Fish.

The Baltimore Sun prints the following: "A skeleton of a fish is prized very highly as a curiosity by Mr. Augustus Benoit of the little two-masted schooner Ernest Dacosta, of Halifax, which arrived recently from the West Indies. 'This,' said Mr. Benoit, while showing his prize, 'the skeleton of what is known as the wandering fish, and there are not half a dozen other specimens in the world. The name has been applied to it because so few have been captured. Its wonderful feature is that on the front of the skeleton there is a perfect outline of the scene on Calvary. The Saviour, with outstretched arms and with His head slightly inclined to the left, shoulder is plainly marked. Near the left side of the head is a clearly defined heart. Above the head of the figure the vertebrae form a crown of thorns. Striking also,' said Mr. Benoit, 'is the reverse side of the fish's skeleton. With arms extended, as if invoking benediction, the figure of a bishop is presented. The ornamentation of the vestments is delicately traced in the bone, the cross being represented by seams running up and down and across the back of the chasuble. The bishop is bareheaded, but his mitre is supplied by a part of the skeleton which is fitted over the head of the figure. Another bone makes the crozier. Holding the skeleton up to the light it appears transparent, with the human form outlined within it.' When the skeleton had been exposed, Mr. Benoit shook it and from it came a bell-like sound. The fish is sixteen and one-half inches long."

The War Eagle Sold.

The sale of the War Eagle and Iron Mask mines to London parties, was, after many delays, finally consummated in Spokane the other day, when the papers making the transfer were signed. The sale is not altogether on the terms of D. C. Corbin, bond, though Mr. Corbin is interested in the sale, says the Kootenai. The sum paid, or the terms of the sale, are not yet made public nor is anything said of the plan likely to be adopted in the working of these properties, but it is intimated that it will be on a much larger scale than heretofore, and that probably smelting and refining works will be established on or near the site, to render unnecessary the heavy charges for hauling the ore. The investment of so much British capital at one deal in Trail Creek district means that more will follow, and that British Columbia mines may be said to be almost sure to occupy the attention of London men of means, as South Africa and Western Australia have in times past. The important thing is that only good mines be placed on the market.

A More Favorable Showing.

A cable from London, Eng., says the report of Sir Charles Rivers Wilson, president of the Grand Trunk railway, has just been issued. The gross receipts for the year were \$1,767,539, and working expenses \$1,218,244. There was an increase of \$324,131 in receipts of passenger trains, owing to a considerable increase in express parcel carrying, but the actual passenger receipts really declined. The freight and live stock traffic shows an improvement of \$20,000, and the Detroit and Grand Haven a deficiency of \$32,054. All the financial journals save the Financial Times, comment favorably on the report.

A FEARFUL WRECK.

A Locomotive Boiler Explodes and Many Passengers Killed and Wounded.

A frightful railroad wreck, attended by serious loss of life, and made more terrible by the self-murder of one of the terrified passengers, occurred the other morning on the Santa Fe road, two miles north of Osage City, Kas. Seven dead bodies have been recovered from the wreck and it is feared other victims are buried beneath the debris. The wrecked train was the east bound passenger, No. 2, the same that had such a thrilling experience a few days ago with bandits in New Mexico. The wreck was caused by the explosion of the boiler of the locomotive. The engineer should have stopped for water at Osage City, but being behind time he endeavored to run to the next tank. Though it is not positively known that the engineer and fireman have both met death in the wreck, it is surmised that their negligence was the cause of the disaster. The train had proceeded but two miles beyond Osage City when two terrific explosions were heard, one following close after the other. The locomotive was completely shattered. The express, baggage and passenger coaches came crashing upon the wrecked engine, and the coaches that were ahead were piled up in one heap of wreckage. The passengers riding in the rear cars escaped serious injury. The wreck was marked by scenes of the wildest confusion among the terrified passengers. The nerves of many were at a high pitch as a result of their experience with the road agents in New Mexico, and when the crash came the first impression of nearly all was that the train had been attacked again by robbers. One passenger, Wm. Beckler, of Los Angeles, Cal., en route to Chicago, seemed to lose his reason entirely. When the crash came he drew a single barreled pistol from his pocket and in the presence of a car full of terrified passengers took his own life, sending a bullet into his brain. Beckler had been drinking heavily. He was about 55 years of age. Owing to the excitement and confusion little could be done to rescue the injured and remove the dead bodies. The bodies were finally recovered. The dead are: Wm. Beckler, Los Angeles, Cal.; Engineer Strump, Topeka, Kas.; Fireman Harry Hollister, Topeka, Kas.; Wm. McAdams, tramp, riding on the baggage car and supposed to be from Chillicothe, Iowa. Three tramps, names unknown, all of whom were riding on the baggage car. Among those injured are: Mrs. Emma Maxwell, editor of the Evening Telegram at Colorado Springs, hands and arms cut and bruised; Wilford Burns, a tramp, legs and arms cut and bruised; James Coleman, tramp, cut and badly injured.

Exciting Battle With a Catfish.

The 110-pound blue channel catfish that has been one of the many attractions in the fisheries building of the state fair was removed against his vigorous protest to the hatcheries the other afternoon, and John Meredith, of the hatchery, has three broken ribs. State Fish Commissioner Lew May carries several bruises, and Superintendent O'Brien a study in moonlight coloring under his left eye. The ponderous fish has been confined in a narrow tank at the exhibit. He is a wicked fellow, and this is pretty well known, as a cloth was folded about his head before an attempt was made to remove him from his tank. In lifting him out he struggled loose, and then began as exciting a three-round fight as has been seen hereabouts for many months. The fisheries men labored with the big fish and the big fish labored with the fisheries men, and for a while it looked as though the reserves of the metropolitan police would have to be called out to quell the disturbance. The men and the fish rolled over on the floor, and every now and then the monster would swing his tail with the viciousness of Corbett's right. Whenever he landed one of the men went down. He used his mouth, too, and Mr. May says that it looked like the entrance to the sub-treasury vaults, so large was it.

Meredith, during the melee, was struck by the tail and crushed against the side of the building, breaking three ribs, and was removed to town for medical treatment. O'Brien got a corner of the tail in the face that gave him a souvenir decoration, while the others were more or less bruised in the struggle. The fish was finally conquered and rolled into his tank and sent to the fisheries.—Omaha Herald.

Saved by a Striking Operator.

The coast papers report an interview with W. A. McIntosh, who arrived at Vancouver with a stock train the other day. He states that the train, on account of the fact that the stock would suffer if detained, had orders to push through to Vancouver the same as the passenger trains are doing. Some distance up the line, east of Ashcroft, the train was flagged. Investigation showed that it was stopped none too soon, for just around a curve, and in a position that would have precluded the engineer seeing it till he was right on the top of it, was a nasty slide, which would have wrecked the train if it had run into it. The providential escape is due to the fact, that Stewart Hannah, one of the striking operators was walking along the track to Ashcroft, and noticing the slide he waited patiently in the vicinity till he heard a train coming and went out and stopped it. There is no need to send guards to protect the company's property from damage at the hands of men like that.—The Kootenay Mail.

Awful Times in Cleveland.

There is no abatement of the epidemic of crime in the city of Cleveland, Ohio. Hold-ups and murderous assaults upon peaceable citizens continue, and the startling audacity of the desperadoes and their method of doing business astound the police. Citizens are wrought up to such a degree of alarm, that the streets are practically deserted at 7 o'clock in the evening. Houses have been robbed within a few hundred feet of the Central Police Station, baker wagons despoiled of their contents and the drivers of their coach and pedestrians held up in the very heart of the city almost before dark. The Cleveland Rolling Mills, one of the largest in the United States, has closed down and 4,000 men are thrown out of employment. President Chamberlain says that the mill would probably be opened after the elections.

"I suppose you know all about the financial question?" said the intimate friend. "I don't say that I know all about it," replied the candidate, "but I know enough not to talk about it."

Flour Advanced.

On the further advance in wheat today both in Chicago and Manitoba country markets, the Manitoba millers decided to advance their prices on flour 25 cents a barrel. This is the third advance made since the boom in wheat set in, and the total advance in flour has been 75 cents a barrel. The market at present seems about high enough, and wheat will probably have to advance 4c. to 5c. a bushel before prices are altered again. Holders of Ontario flour were also in line today with an advance of about ten cents a barrel. A leading miller in Ontario writes that the situation there is very strong, little or no wheat coming out. This, he says, is owing to the fact that farmers are looking for higher prices.—Montreal Herald.

Tramps Murdered by Trains.

The police of New Haven, Conn., believe that the brakeman of the Consolidated railroad have been ruthlessly murdering tramps caught stealing rides on the cars of that line. It is asserted that ten bodies, all mangled by being run over by trains, have been found on the tracks of the Consolidated within the last six months. A man named Maloney, from Brooklyn, was shot twice and thrown from a train by the train hands, but survived his injuries and has given information to the authorities, which led to the arrest of a brakeman named Rean. The latter confessed to the superintendent of police at New Haven, that the brakemen made it a practice to kill tramps found on their cars.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE—Taking effect on Sunday May 3, 1896.

MAIN LINE.

N. Bound		S. Bound	
Stations	Time	Stations	Time
1:30 pm	Winnipeg	11:30 am	Winnipeg
2:30 pm	Portage Junction	10:30 am	Portage Junction
3:30 pm	St. Paul	9:30 am	St. Paul
4:30 pm	St. Louis	8:30 am	St. Louis
5:30 pm	St. Charles	7:30 am	St. Charles
6:30 pm	St. Joseph	6:30 am	St. Joseph
7:30 pm	St. Mary	5:30 am	St. Mary
8:30 pm	St. Cloud	4:30 am	St. Cloud
9:30 pm	St. James	3:30 am	St. James
10:30 pm	St. Anthony	2:30 am	St. Anthony
11:30 pm	St. Peter	1:30 am	St. Peter
12:30 am	St. Rose	12:30 am	St. Rose
1:30 am	St. Mary	11:30 pm	St. Mary
2:30 am	St. Cloud	10:30 pm	St. Cloud
3:30 am	St. James	9:30 pm	St. James
4:30 am	St. Anthony	8:30 pm	St. Anthony
5:30 am	St. Peter	7:30 pm	St. Peter
6:30 am	St. Rose	6:30 pm	St. Rose
7:30 am	St. Mary	5:30 pm	St. Mary
8:30 am	St. Cloud	4:30 pm	St. Cloud
9:30 am	St. James	3:30 pm	St. James
10:30 am	St. Anthony	2:30 pm	St. Anthony
11:30 am	St. Peter	1:30 pm	St. Peter
12:30 pm	St. Rose	12:30 pm	St. Rose

MORRIS-BRANDON BRANCH.

N. Bound				W. Bound			
Stations				Stations			
1st	2nd	3rd	4th	1st	2nd	3rd	4th
1:30	2:30	3:30	4:30	11:30	10:30	9:30	8:30
5:30	6:30	7:30	8:30	7:30	6:30	5:30	4:30
3:30	4:30	5:30	6:30	5:30	4:30	3:30	2:30
2:30	3:30	4:30	5:30	4:30	3:30	2:30	1:30
1:30	2:30	3:30	4:30	3:30	2:30	1:30	12:30
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Qu Appelle Observatory.
Reading of the thermometer for the week ending Tuesday, Oct. 13, 1896.

	Maximum	Minimum
Wednesday, Oct. 7	51	23
Thursday, Oct. 8	48	28
Friday, Oct. 9	57	35
Saturday, Oct. 10	60	28
Sunday, Oct. 11	63	33
Monday, Oct. 12	60	30
Tuesday, Oct. 13	70	28

WIND DIRECTION AND VELOCITY.

	6 A.M.	1 P.M.	6 P.M.
Wednesday	SE 3	SE 3	SE 6
Thursday	calm	SW 14	SW 6
Friday	calm	calm	SE 1
Saturday	SE 2	SE 18	SE 10
Sunday	SE 8	SE 30	SE 16
Monday	SE 8	SW 16	SW 3
Tuesday	SE 8	SW 16	SE 6

To Subscribers.

Look at the date on the address of your paper. It shows when your subscription expired or expires. If in arrears please remit, even a part of what you owe, as an evidence of good faith. A change in the date on label will indicate that the money has reached us. If change is not made within the first two weeks following the date of your remittance please notify us.

Local and General

Now the season is approaching. When the winds of autumn blow, And the frost is on the pumpkin And the bum dramatic show.

—Mr. Heubach of Touchwood, was in town this week.

—The Qu'Appelle creamery has shut down for the season.

—Gentlemen of refined taste chew the famous BEAVER Plug exclusively. Refuse cheap imitations.

—The butchers in town are kept busy this fall supplying meat to the hungry thrasher.

—J. Ross Robertson has donated \$50,000 to the Toronto hospital for sick children.

—Mr. S. H. Caswell and family returned from their outing at the lakes on Saturday.

—The genuine FOX & A Smoking Mixture is delightfully cool and fragrant. Try a 10c package or 1-2 pound tin.

—The wheat crops of Russia, India, Argentina and Australia fall short of requirements.

—Any person desirous of purchasing a high grade wheel will do well to consult us on the subject.

—Lewis Cartwright, son of Sir Richard Cartwright, died at Lindsay, Ont., on Sunday, from appendicitis.

—Mr. Cecil Bell of Regina, is spending a few days visiting Dr. and Mrs. Creamer, Rose Hill farm.

—The Bishop of Qu'Appelle preached his farewell sermon in St. John's church, Winnipeg, last Sunday.

—If you have lost anything or want anything come to us and we will do your advertising at reasonable rates.

—Mr. Gordon of Moosomin, was in town this week looking after the interests of the firm of Gordon & Ironside, cattle dealers.

—A number of new houses are in course of erection and the carpenters are busy getting them closed in before cold weather.

—The Bishop of Qu'Appelle with Mrs. and Miss Grisdle, leave Winnipeg to-day for England, where they will spend the winter.

—A fire at Edmonton on Saturday destroyed Line's grain warehouse and stable, some grain and furniture and a horse. No insurance.

—The Northern Elevator company's elevator at Douglas was completely destroyed by fire on Saturday together with 13,000 bushels of grain.

—Lord and Lady Aberdeen and suite spent Sunday in Regina attending divine service in the Church of England. They continued their journey west the same night.

—John Casey and Frank Barrett, two vags, serving in Regina jail, were re-arrested on expiration of sentence on the charge of murdering John A. Brown, of Oakes, N.D.

—A meeting of the grain standards' board has been called to meet in Winnipeg on Oct. 21, at 9 a.m., for the purpose of fixing the grain standards for the 1896 crop.

—Mr. F. W. G. Haultain has been elected vice-president for the Territories for the newly formed Canadian Bar Association. Sir Oliver Mowat is president.—Standard.

—Mr. R. Johnston, our enterprising butcher and cattle dealer, shipped 250 head of fine cattle for the English market on Tuesday. He is sending out 600 head to winter at Yorkton.

—Mr. W. C. Boyce, manager of State railways, India, visiting his uncle, Mr. J. H. Boyce, for a short time, went east on Wednesday last. He will take in Niagara Falls and Toronto, thence to New York, where he will sail for England, and from there return to India. Mr. J. Boyce

is a thoroughly practical man and his trip to America will no doubt put him in possession of many new ideas relative to railroading.

—Hon. Mr. Tarte and Hon. Mr. Davies, of marine and fisheries, will visit Manitoba and the Northwest next week. Mr. Tarte will inspect all public works and Mr. Davies will look into the fisheries.

—The body of W. Riley, a farmer living near Carlisle, Pembina County, N.D., was found in the river at Grand Forks Saturday. It is supposed he walked into the river while under the influence of liquor.

—The elevator has had to close down while repairs are being made to the boiler. This is most unfortunate at the present time when farmers are so anxious to warehouse their grain. A new or better boiler should have been put in at first.

—Messrs. Starr & Hayward, of Fort Qu'Appelle, have dissolved partnership, Mr. Hayward still continuing the business. It is rumored Mr. Starr purposes opening a store at Indian Head. What's the matter with opening out in this town?

—The special train conveying Sir W. Van Horne and party across the continent, which passed here Tuesday, ran into a bunch of cattle near Sewell. The pilot was broken and three of the animals killed. Fortunately the train was not derailed.

—While out shooting geese near Brandon on Saturday, Mr. T. M. Percival's gun exploded, shattering his left hand to pieces and cutting his shoulder and face. En route to the hospital he sustained severe bruises by being thrown from the horse falling into a sewer hole.

—Burglars effected an entrance to the jewelry store of Geo. Andrews, Winnipeg, last week and secured \$500 worth of booty. Burglars also secured \$800 cash and \$800 in wheat cheques from Lepland's store, St. John, N.D. Two men were arrested near Holmfild, Man., on suspicion.

—On Sunday about noon, shortly after a freight train had left here, a prairie fire was observed a few miles east of town, which is supposed to have been started by a spark from the engine. In a few moments dense clouds of smoke and flame were rolling northward and people seen in all directions running to save property and render assistance. After burning for miles the fire was finally checked at Strathcarroll about 7 p.m. A lot of hay in stacks was destroyed but fortunately no buildings, though Dr. Creamer's residence and buildings at Rose Hill farm had a very close call.

While riding to the fire on horseback, Mr. H. F. Boyce had the misfortune to be thrown from his seat, the horse having stepped in a hole. He was rendered unconscious and but for the timely arrival of assistance might have lost his life in the fire. He was badly shaken up but no bones broken.

The Northwest Assembly.

When the house resumed its sitting on Monday, Speaker Betts in the chair, Mr. Knowlton (Souris) moved the second reading of a bill to amend the medical ordinance, the object being that the council shall make a return showing all orders, regulations and by-laws, or other transactions relating to charges for professional services by members of the college, and such returns shall be made forthwith after any such order, regulation, by-law, or other transaction is made or done. The bill was read a second time.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the school question. Nearly the whole of the sitting was devoted to matters affecting appeals from the court of revision. Few alterations were made to the existing law and these were not of public interest.

In the assembly Tuesday, Mr.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S

CREAM BAKING POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Maloney asked the executive committee why the translation of the Ordinance of 1894 was stopped? Also, whether it is the intention of the committee to provide for the completion of the same, and also for the translation of the Ordinances of 1895?

Mr. Linsinger moved for a return showing, first, the regulation adopted by order-in-council or otherwise, to divide the grant voted in aid of statute labor and fire districts and municipalities; second, the names and localities of the statute labor and fire districts and municipalities which have received and from such grant, with the amounts paid to them, during the financial year ending Sept. 1, 1896.

In committee of the whole the following bills were considered: A bill to amend the Hospitals Ordinance as amended in the committee of the whole house. A bill to further amend the Northwest Medical Ordinance, 1888. A bill re schools.

Robbery at Oak Lake.

GRISWOLD, Oct. 14.—A gigantic robbery took place at Oak Lake last night. A "scab" operator, recently brought by the C.P.R. from Chicago during the strike, made off with \$2,000 consigned to Leich Bros., and \$1,000 to A. Cameron, and it also supposed that he carried off another pack of \$2,000, received the night before, destroying the way bill to make discovery. The company's till was also cleared out. Part of the telegraph keys were also taken away, so a message could not be sent.

Instructor Fired At.

MARLBOROUGH, Oct. 14.—On Monday night while Farm Instructor McNeill was sitting in his house on the Road, a few miles from Marlborough he was fired at through the window, the bullet passing through the right side and slightly wounding him. There is no clue to the perpetrator, but in a year ago McNeill accidentally shot and killed a man, and it is thought that may be some connection. About the same time as the shot was fired at McNeill the body of a Blood Indian named Medicine Pipe Stem, was found on the Road, the man having apparently been murdered, there being several bullet holes in the body, which had the appearance of having been made with a rifle. The coroner has not yet a word from the police.

A PREVIOUS REPORT.
MARLBOROUGH, Oct. 13.—What the result in a double murder occurred on the Blood Indian reserve, twelve miles from here today. A reserve Indian shot and killed another through jealousy, and in the mile Farm Instructor McNeill, who attempted to prevent the murder, was shot through the body and dangerously wounded, but it is hoped that he may recover. Coroner Anderson, accompanied by Dr. Haultain, went to the scene of the tragedy immediately that the news reached here, and have not yet returned. After the shooting the murderer made his escape, but the police are on his trail, and will most likely capture him tonight.

Wore Greased Gloves Seven Years.

John Siron, mason, Aultville, Ont., had his thumb so sore for seven years he wore greased gloves. He writes: "I used a quarter of a box of Chase's Ointment. It cured me. No trace of Salt Rheum now." Chase's Ointment cures every irritant disease of the skin, a lax itching instantly, and is a sterling remedy for piles. 6c per box.

—Waghorn's Guide for October contains new time cards on the Manitoba and Northwestern and all changes in other railway and steamboat travel. The route of the new Winnipeg railroad is shown on the map of the province. Superintendents of districts and sitting in the Northwest, weather record and all changes in general business tables are duly recorded. To the list of the insurance companies doing business in the province, is added the names of the Winnipeg agents, and the nature of the insurance covered, i.e., Fire, Life, Marine, Accident, Sickness, Guaranty, Stone Glass, etc.—a most useful table for reference.

Sickly Women!

Out of sorts—easily tired, haggard, pale and listless, try Indian Women's Balm. It makes rich new blood, banishes backaches, headaches, heart palpitation, constipation and all other ailments to which women are so subject. It is suffering womanhood's greatest boon. Has cured thousands—Why not you?

Prompt Payment.

The following copy of a letter speaks for itself: IOWA, N.W.T., Sept. 21st, 1896. J. G. MOEGAN, Esq., Manager New York Life Ins. Co., Winnipeg.

Dear Sir:—I have a favor of 17 hundred, enclosing your company's cheque for \$2,000 in full of claim under policy 704,340, F. K. Grigg.

I have to thank you for same, your generous treatment and promptness is much appreciated by

Yours very truly,
(Sd.) F. McARA, JR.,
Attest, F. K. Grigg.

FOR SALE.

HOUSE and Lot, in good repair, also, 1 Doublet engine (good as new), 1 Singer sewing machine, almost new, 1 heavy Clydesdale mare, 5 years old, 1 driving pony, 1 riding pony, 1 red and white cow, 1 Am. strong cart, 1 set single harness, 1 Bog all saddle and bridle, 1 leather case. For terms and further particulars apply to STARR, who appears and so, or to W. M. P. STARR, Port Qu'Appelle.

A HINT TO MOTHERS...



A dangerous time soon for the little people—autumn changes and winter cold. Plenty of fresh air is the great safe-guard—pure air inside and outside. Don't let a single pore of the skin be closed. Don't cover them with stifling or rough underwear, but with

"Health Brand" Underwear

made of wool that's all wool—wool that absorbs and then throws off the impurities. So soft, warm and porous—so snug fitting and "comfy" made into combination suits. Thousands of children are wearing them to-day. They have proved to be the best.

For sale by J. P. Beauchamp.

J. A. Lidgate, DEALER IN Lumber Shingles Lath, Doors Windows Mouldings, Building Paper, Etc., at Lowest Prices

Granby Rubbers

Honestly made of pure Rubber. Thin, Light, Elastic, Stylish, Durable.

Modelled each year to fit all the latest shoe shapes. Extra thick ball and heel.

Sold everywhere. They Wear like Iron.

Lyons' Fuel Saver & Heat Radiator



Takes the place of a length of either 3 or 6 inch pipe on your stove, saving 10 per cent of wood or coal. Can be placed either up or down stairs, wherever you want it.

Cold Houses Made Warm.

Saves its price in a very short time.

W. M. KENNEDY & CO., REGINA, ASSA.

A. E. B. SPERLING, Local Agent.

There's Nothing Like Leather!

I have just received a consignment of SHOE LEATHER, SOLE LEATHER, LEATHER SHOEFELINGS, LEATHER FOR BELT LACING, SHOE THREAD, KNIVES, Etc. In fact everything requisite in the leather line. Repairing done neatly, cheaply and expeditiously. Don't be leather headed, but give me a call. Close prices, wholesale and retail. Yours for Leather, G. M. BAILLY, Pacific Ave., Qu'Appelle.

Merchant Tailors

IF YOU WANT A GOOD FITTING SUIT OF CLOTHES, CALL ON...

J. H. Brethauer & Co.

Who have got THE BEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE Samples on the market. Prices Right. Give Us a Call.

THE FAMOUS Dominion Pants Co.

SUITS FROM \$11 TO ORDER.

AGENTS: R. E. SMITH, Qu'Appelle Station.

1000 Samples to select from.

HEAD OFFICE: 361, ST. JAMES STREET, MONTREAL.

WANTED.
A PARTNER with a small capital to push a good paying business, or sell out at a reasonable figure. For further particulars apply to this office.

WAGBORN'S GUIDE TO THE WEST

50c per copy.

Full supply always on hand at BULYEA'S STORE.

Support Local Industry.

JOYNER & ELKINGTON, PROPRIETORS.

YOU'LL FIND IT IN WAGBORN'S GUIDE

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

Direct and Quickest Route to ALL PORTS EAST, WEST AND SOUTH

Lake Steamers leave Port William for Owen Sound:

ALBERTA.....TUESDAY
ATHABASCA.....THURSDAY
MANITOBA.....SUNDAY

Cheap Excursions To the Kootenay

And to the Pacific Coast.

ATLANTIC OCEAN STEAMERS

Leave Montreal Wednesday and Saturday.

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Pacific Ocean Steamers from Vancouver TO CHINA AND JAPAN.....Oct. 12 AUSTRALIA.....Oct. 18

The C. P. R. offer more attractive excursions than any other line on the continent. For further information write or apply to:

E. W. WARNER, Agent, Qu'Appelle.
Or to ROBT. KERR, Traffic Manager, Winnipeg.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

ROYAL MAIL LINES.

Swiftest and quickest route to the Old Country.

	From New York.
Britannic	Oct. 14
Mauretania	Oct. 21
Alfred	Oct. 28
Princess	Oct. 14
Albatross	Oct. 21
Albatross	Oct. 28
Albatross	Oct. 14
Albatross	Oct. 21
Albatross	Oct. 28

Passengers ticketed through to all points in Great Britain and Ireland, and of special low rates to all parts of the British Empire. Prepaid passages arranged from all points. Apply

E. W. WARNER, Qu'Appelle.
Or to WILLIAM STEEL, Montreal Agent, Montreal.

FARM LANDS FOR SALE.

The North-West Lands of the Estate of the late W. R. THISTLE, comprising

4,000 ACRES
Of Valuable Improved
FARM PROPERTY
ARE NOW OFFERED
FOR SALE ON
Most Reasonable Terms.

For full particulars apply to
A. D. DICKSON,
BARRISTER,
QU'APPELLE

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Weekly, 10c per year. \$1.00 per annum. \$12.00 per annum. \$24.00 per annum. \$36.00 per annum. \$48.00 per annum. \$60.00 per annum. \$72.00 per annum. \$84.00 per annum. \$96.00 per annum. \$108.00 per annum. \$120.00 per annum. \$132.00 per annum. \$144.00 per annum. \$156.00 per annum. \$168.00 per annum. \$180.00 per annum. \$192.00 per annum. \$204.00 per annum. \$216.00 per annum. \$228.00 per annum. \$240.00 per annum. \$252.00 per annum. \$264.00 per annum. \$276.00 per annum. \$288.00 per annum. \$300.00 per annum. \$312.00 per annum. \$324.00 per annum. \$336.00 per annum. \$348.00 per annum. \$360.00 per annum. \$372.00 per annum. \$384.00 per annum. \$396.00 per annum. \$408.00 per annum. \$420.00 per annum. \$432.00 per annum. \$444.00 per annum. \$456.00 per annum. \$468.00 per annum. \$480.00 per annum. \$492.00 per annum. \$504.00 per annum. \$516.00 per annum. \$528.00 per annum. \$540.00 per annum. \$552.00 per annum. \$564.00 per annum. \$576.00 per annum. \$588.00 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annum. \$2328.00 per annum. \$2340.00 per annum. \$2352.00 per annum. \$2364.00 per annum. \$2376.00 per annum. \$2388.00 per annum. \$2400.00 per annum. \$2412.00 per annum. \$2424.00 per annum. \$2436.00 per annum. \$2448.00 per annum. \$2460.00 per annum. \$2472.00 per annum. \$2484.00 per annum. \$2496.00 per annum. \$2508.00 per annum. \$2520.00 per annum. \$2532.00 per annum. \$2544.00 per annum. \$2556.00 per annum. \$2568.00 per annum. \$2580.00 per annum. \$2592.00 per annum. \$2604.00 per annum. \$2616.00 per annum. \$2628.00 per annum. \$2640.00 per annum. \$2652.00 per annum. \$2664.00 per annum. \$2676.00 per annum. \$2688.00 per annum. \$2700.00 per annum. \$2712.00 per annum. \$2724.00 per annum. \$2736.00 per annum. \$2748.00 per annum. \$2760.00 per annum. \$2772.00 per annum. \$2784.00 per annum. \$2796.00 per annum. \$2808.00 per annum. \$2820.00 per annum. \$2832.00 per annum. \$2844.00 per annum. \$2856.00 per annum. \$2868.00 per annum. \$2880.00 per annum. 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\$4032.00 per annum. \$4044.00 per annum. \$4056.00 per annum. \$4068.00 per annum. \$4080.00 per annum. \$4092.00 per annum. \$4104.00 per annum. \$4116.00 per annum. \$4128.00 per annum. \$4140.00 per annum. \$4152.00 per annum. \$4164.00 per annum. \$4176.00 per annum. \$4188.00 per annum. \$4200.00 per annum. \$4212.00 per annum. \$4224.00 per annum. \$4236.00 per annum. \$4248.00 per annum. \$4260.00 per annum. \$4272.00 per annum. \$4284.00 per annum. \$4296.00 per annum. \$4308.00 per annum. \$4320.00 per annum. \$4332.00 per annum. \$4344.00 per annum. \$4356.00 per annum. \$4368.00 per annum. \$4380.00 per annum. \$4392.00 per annum. \$4404.00 per annum. \$4416.00 per annum. \$4428.00 per annum. \$4440.00 per annum. \$4452.00 per annum. \$4464.00 per annum. \$4476.00 per annum. \$4488.00 per annum. \$4500.00 per annum. \$4512.00 per annum. \$4524.00 per annum. \$4536.00 per annum. \$4548.00 per annum. \$4560.00 per annum. \$4572.00 per annum. \$4584.00 per annum. \$4596.00 per annum. \$4608.00 per annum. \$4620.00 per annum. \$4632.00 per annum. \$